

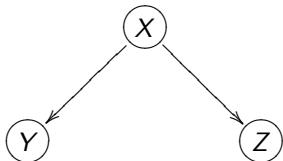
Likelihood-based inference for probabilistic graphical models: Some preliminary results

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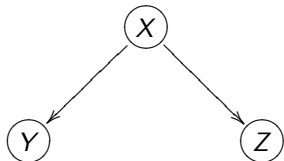
example

$X, Y, Z \in \{0, 1\}$



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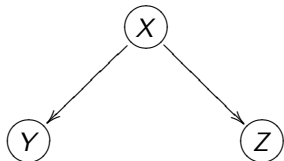


data:

X	Y	Z	#
0	0	0	15
0	0	1	25
0	1	0	7
0	1	1	5
1	0	0	6
1	0	1	35
1	1	0	3
1	1	1	4
			100

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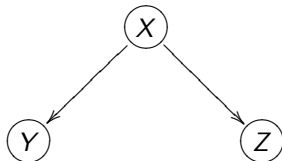
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inference about $P(X = 1 \mid Y = 1, Z = 1)$:

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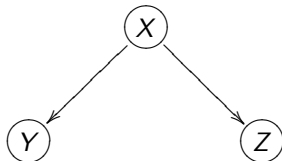
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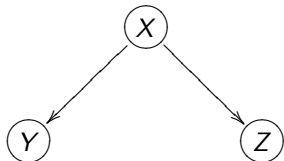
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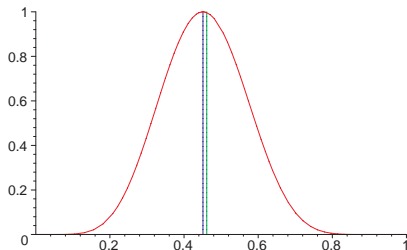


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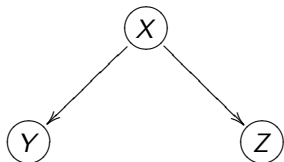
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example $\times 100$

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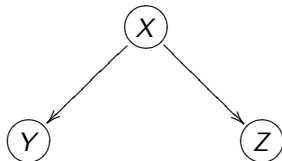
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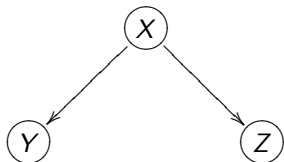
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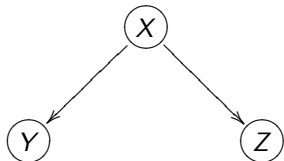
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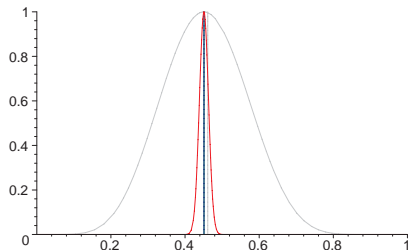


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$$lik(p) \propto \max_{\substack{bn \in \mathcal{BN}: \\ P_{bn}(X=1 | Y=1, Z=1)=p}} P_{bn}(\text{data}) \quad \text{for all } p \in [0, 1],$$

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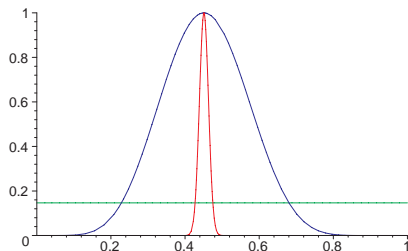
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- ▶ example: $[0.23, 0.68]$ and $[0.43, 0.48]$ are (approximate) 95% confidence intervals for $P(X = 1 | Y = 1, Z = 1)$ in the cases with 100 and 10000 data, respectively



conclusion

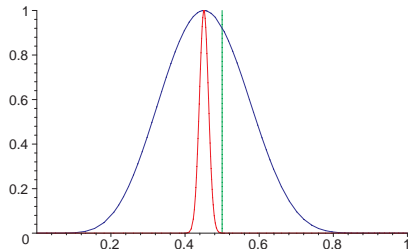
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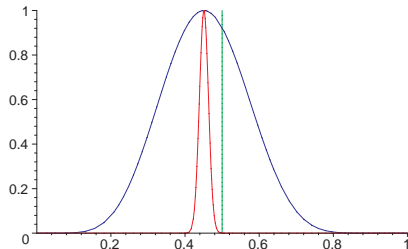
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- ▶ **future research:** generalization to larger classes of problems and consideration of the uncertainty about the graph