## **Post-selection inference**

[selcorr & sciCORE]

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e.g. typical probabilities for a variable without effect:

## example (qu19Egli)

```
> full.model = glm(paste("antibioticsadministered ~", paste(names(FAS)[-1], collapse = " + ")),
+
```

binomial, FAS)

> dim(FAS)

[1] 807 26

> summary(full.model)

ſ...1

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr( z )	
(Intercept)	13.876076	842.547158	0.016	0.986860	
age	0.000762	0.006125	0.124	0.900994	
sexfemale	-0.069330	0.229684	-0.302	0.762768	
length.of.stay	0.065690	0.020096	3.269	0.001080	**
hospital.careoutpatient	-1.270438	0.320324	-3.966	7.31e-05	***
ILI.symptomsyes	0.214110	0.260737	0.821	0.411549	
result.PCRinfluenzaA	-0.842044	0.268554	-3.135	0.001716	**
result.PCRinfluenzaB	-1.145874	0.345192	-3.320	0.000902	***
result.blood.culturebacterialgrowth	0.298323	0.473529	0.630	0.528695	
result.blood.cultureNA	-0.645101	0.244117	-2.643	0.008228	**
result.urine.culturebacterialgrowth	-0.386222	0.380683	-1.015	0.310320	
result.urine.cultureNA	-0.816184	0.364451	-2.239	0.025124	*
result.antigen.testspositive	13.177484	648.203994	0.020	0.983781	
result.antigen.testsNA	-1.145332	0.278215	-4.117	3.84e-05	***
result.infection.testsbacterialgrowth	-12.562509	842.546773	-0.015	0.988104	
result.infection.testsNA	-13.427966	842.546677	-0.016	0.987284	
log.leucocytes	0.037695	0.520235	0.072	0.942238	
log.c.react.protein	0.930584	0.195176	4.768	1.86e-06	***
log.procalcitonin	1.763365	0.349039	5.052	4.37e-07	***
log.procalcitonin.NATRUE	-0.409170	0.245360	-1.668	0.095389	
log.UF.leucocytes	0.795687	0.224735	3.541	0.000399	***
log.UF.bacteria	-0.185919	0.145300	-1.280	0.200703	
log.UF.bacteria.NATRUE	0.329833	0.279812	1.179	0.238492	
pneumoniapossible	1.167533	0.490400	2.381	0.017276	*
pneumoniayes	3.086041	0.898448	3.435	0.000593	***
pneumoniaNA	0.022053	0.242929	0.091	0.927667	
[]					

## example (qu19Egli)

> summary(step(full.model, direction = "both"))

[...]

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z )	
(Intercept)	1.30900	0.59225	2.210	0.027092	*
length.of.stay	0.06451	0.01978	3.262	0.001108	**
hospital.careoutpatient	-1.19428	0.29471	-4.052	5.07e-05	***
result.PCRinfluenzaA	-0.79372	0.24385	-3.255	0.001134	**
result.PCRinfluenzaB	-1.02456	0.32432	-3.159	0.001582	**
result.blood.cultureNA	-0.73085	0.23644	-3.091	0.001994	**
result.urine.cultureNA	-0.40371	0.21843	-1.848	0.064570	
result.antigen.testsNA	-1.17708	0.27338	-4.306	1.67e-05	***
result.infection.testsNA	-0.88555	0.41952	-2.111	0.034785	*
log.c.react.protein	0.94395	0.18924	4.988	6.10e-07	***
log.procalcitonin	1.78004	0.34219	5.202	1.97e-07	***
log.procalcitonin.NATRUE	-0.42594	0.23696	-1.798	0.072250	
log.UF.leucocytes	0.81857	0.22204	3.686	0.000227	***
log.UF.bacteria	-0.24014	0.13145	-1.827	0.067725	
pneumoniapossible	1.25842	0.46081	2.731	0.006317	**
pneumoniayes	3.00205	0.85532	3.510	0.000448	***
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[]					
> selcorr(full.model)					
	Estimat	te CIld	ower (	CI upper	p
(Intercept)	1.3089979	92 0.17088	3146 2.4	49995322	2.383593e-02
length.of.stay	0.0645106	65 0.02758	3028 0.3	10521110	4.082291e-04
hospital.careoutpatient	-1.1942843	38 -1.78823	3265 -0.6	62072298	3.664392e-05

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result.PCRinfluenzaA	-0.79372284	-1.27711683	-0.31974667	9.836783e-04
result.PCRinfluenzaB	-1.02456274	-1.67551532	-0.40111090	1.137154e-03
result.blood.cultureNA	-0.73085326	-1.19808941	-0.26968448	1.869773e-03
result.urine.cultureNA	-0.40370917	-0.83175343	0.02571881	6.531766e-02
result.antigen.testsNA	-1.17707602	-1.72737660	-0.64583125	1.078679e-05
result.infection.testsNA	-0.88555294	-2.15262937	0.22112554	1.203560e-01
log.c.react.protein	0.94394906	0.57863340	1.32164194	2.508300e-07
log.procalcitonin	1.78003675	1.12488947	2.50224866	6.236563e-09
log.procalcitonin.NATRUE	-0.42593871	-0.89283509	0.03757126	7.169846e-02
log.UF.leucocytes	0.81856587	0.38344459	1.27586653	1.790322e-04
log.UF.bacteria	-0.24014011	-0.51217098	0.02823039	7.956539e-02
pneumoniapossible	1.25841965	0.38625980	2.20532074	4.191692e-03
pneumoniayes	3.00205186	1.52178766	4.99707270	7.222524e-06

Marco Cattaneo @ University of Basel Post-selection inference

#### ?selcorr

Post-Selection Inference for Generalized Linear Models

Description:

selcorr returns (unconditional) post-selection confidence intervals and p-values for the coefficients of (generalized) linear models.

Usage:

```
selcorr(
    object,
    fixed.vars = NULL,
    further.vars = NULL,
    boot.repl = 0,
    k = 2,
    conf.level = 0.95,
    quiet = FALSE
)
```

Arguments:

object: an object representing a model of an appropriate class. This is used as the initial model in a (bidirectional) stepwise model selection.

fixed.vars: the names of all independent variables that must be included in the selected model. The default is none.

- further.vars: the names of all independent variables that can be included in the selected model, but are not part of object. The default is none.
- boot.repl: a number or list of bootstrap replicates. The default is no bootstrapping. See Details and Examples for clarification.
  - k: the multiple of the number of degrees of freedom used as penalty in the model selection. The default k = 2 corresponds to the AIC.

conf.level: the level of the confidence intervals.

quiet: if TRUE, then selcorr does not generate an output.

#### ?selcorr

#### Details:

When boot.repl = 0, an approximate asymptotic distribution of the test statistic is used to calculate p-values and calibrate the profile-likalihood confidence intervals. This approach is faster, but p-values and confidence intervals can be more precisely calibrated by parametrically bootstrapping the test statistic (with boot.repl the number of replicates). Parallel computing can be used to speed up the bootstrapping: see Examples.

#### Value:

the selected model is returned, without correction for model-selection, but with up to two additional components. There is an output component corresponding to the post-selection inference, which is also printed unless quiet = TRUE. When bootsrepl is not 0, there is also a boot.repl component corresponding to the bootstrap replicates.

```
Examples:
```

```
## linear regression:
selcorr(lm(Fertility ~ ., swiss))
## logistic regression:
swiss.lr = within(swiss, Fertility <- (Fertility > 70))
selcorr(glm(Fertility ~ ., binomial, swiss.lr))
## parallel bootstrapping:
## Not run:
library(future.apply)
plan(aulticession)
boot.repl = future_replicate(8, selcorr(lm(Fertility ~ ., swiss), boot.repl = 1000,
quiet = TRUE)$boot.repl, simplify = FALSE)
plan(sequential)
selcorr(lm(Fertility ~ ., swiss), boot.repl = do.call("rbind", boot.repl))
## End(Not run)
```

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- run test code (Rscript -vanilla testcode.R > testcode.Rout &), but very slow (to
  estimate required time better use own computer)

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- out of 100 jobs, 7 were killed when reaching the memory limit, while the others were killed as planned after 24 hours (ml purge; ml load jobstats; jobstats -S mm/dd/yy)

logistic model: 7085 simulations of dependent variable, 500 data points, 28 covariates (14 with an effect), of which 14 binary (7 with an effect), of which 2 fixed (1 with an effect), correlation of covariates ranging from -0.25 to 0.77 with median 0.09, absolute standardized coefficients (for the covariates with an effect) ranging from 0.02 to 7.81 with median 0.28

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	CI			level			power			time
	min	median	max	min	median	max	min	median	max	median
full (glm+confint)	71.2	92.1	92.8	6.5	7.0	7.4	6.9	59.0	100	0.7 sec

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selcorr(boot.repl=10)	79.7	95.2	96.0	4.0	4.4	5.8	5.1	52.2	100	1.7 min
selcorr(boot.repl=100)	79.8	95.3	96.2	4.2	4.7	5.5	5.1	56.6	100	16.9 min

- logistic model: 7085 simulations of dependent variable, 500 data points, 28 covariates (14 with an effect), of which 14 binary (7 with an effect), of which 2 fixed (1 with an effect), correlation of covariates ranging from -0.25 to 0.77 with median 0.09, absolute standardized coefficients (for the covariates with an effect) ranging from 0.02 to 7.81 with median 0.28
- 95% confidence intervals (CI): 1 probability of non-coverage (i.e. probability of no error), in % (should be 95)
- level: probability of significance at 5% level for variables without effect (i.e. probability of type I error), in % (should be 5)
- power: probability of significance at 5% level for variables with an effect (i.e. probability of no type II error), in %
- time: using 1 core of a standard laptop (1.80GHz)

		CI			level			power		time
	min	median	max	min	median	max	min	median	max	median
full (glm+confint)	71.2	92.1	92.8	6.5	7.0	7.4	6.9	59.0	100	0.7 sec
naive (step+confint)	75.9	88.0	93.0	8.8	10.6	18.0	8.6	73.7	100	2.0 sec
selcorr	79.4	92.6	94.3	6.8	7.4	9.5	8.3	66.6	100	7.7 sec
selcorr(boot.repl=10)	79.7	95.2	96.0	4.0	4.4	5.8	5.1	52.2	100	1.7 min
selcorr(boot.repl=100)	79.8	95.3	96.2	4.2	4.7	5.5	5.1	56.6	100	16.9 min
selcorr(fixed.vars=all)	71.2	92.1	92.8	7.2	7.7	8.0	8.0	60.2	100	1.3 sec

- logistic model: 7085 simulations of dependent variable, 500 data points, 28 covariates (14 with an effect), of which 14 binary (7 with an effect), of which 2 fixed (1 with an effect), correlation of covariates ranging from -0.25 to 0.77 with median 0.09, absolute standardized coefficients (for the covariates with an effect) ranging from 0.02 to 7.81 with median 0.28
- 95% confidence intervals (CI): 1 probability of non-coverage (i.e. probability of no error), in % (should be 95)
- level: probability of significance at 5% level for variables without effect (i.e. probability of type I error), in % (should be 5)
- power: probability of significance at 5% level for variables with an effect (i.e. probability of no type II error), in %
- time: using 1 core of a standard laptop (1.80GHz)

		CI			level			power		time
	min	median	max	min	median	max	min	median	max	median
full (glm+confint)	71.2	92.1	92.8	6.5	7.0	7.4	6.9	59.0	100	0.7 sec
naive (step+confint)	75.9	88.0	93.0	8.8	10.6	18.0	8.6	73.7	100	2.0 sec
selcorr	79.4	92.6	94.3	6.8	7.4	9.5	8.3	66.6	100	7.7 sec
selcorr(boot.repl=10)	79.7	95.2	96.0	4.0	4.4	5.8	5.1	52.2	100	1.7 min
selcorr(boot.repl=100)	79.8	95.3	96.2	4.2	4.7	5.5	5.1	56.6	100	16.9 min
selcorr(fixed.vars=all)	71.2	92.1	92.8	7.2	7.7	8.0	8.0	60.2	100	1.3 sec
selcorr(fixed.vars=all,boot.repl=10)	71.7	95.5	96.2	3.8	4.2	4.6	4.4	44.7	100	13.8 sec

- logistic model: 7085 simulations of dependent variable, 500 data points, 28 covariates (14 with an effect), of which 14 binary (7 with an effect), of which 2 fixed (1 with an effect), correlation of covariates ranging from -0.25 to 0.77 with median 0.09, absolute standardized coefficients (for the covariates with an effect) ranging from 0.02 to 7.81 with median 0.28
- 95% confidence intervals (CI): 1 probability of non-coverage (i.e. probability of no error), in % (should be 95)
- level: probability of significance at 5% level for variables without effect (i.e. probability of type I error), in % (should be 5)
- power: probability of significance at 5% level for variables with an effect (i.e. probability of no type II error), in %
- time: using 1 core of a standard laptop (1.80GHz)

		CI			level			power		time
	min	median	max	min	median	max	min	median	max	median
full (glm+confint)	71.2	92.1	92.8	6.5	7.0	7.4	6.9	59.0	100	0.7 sec
naive (step+confint)	75.9	88.0	93.0	8.8	10.6	18.0	8.6	73.7	100	2.0 sec
selcorr	79.4	92.6	94.3	6.8	7.4	9.5	8.3	66.6	100	7.7 sec
selcorr(boot.repl=10)	79.7	95.2	96.0	4.0	4.4	5.8	5.1	52.2	100	1.7 min
selcorr(boot.repl=100)	79.8	95.3	96.2	4.2	4.7	5.5	5.1	56.6	100	16.9 min
selcorr(fixed.vars=all)	71.2	92.1	92.8	7.2	7.7	8.0	8.0	60.2	100	1.3 sec
selcorr(fixed.vars=all,boot.repl=10)	71.7	95.5	96.2	3.8	4.2	4.6	4.4	44.7	100	13.8 sec
selcorr(fixed.vars=all,boot.repl=100)	71.9	95.6	96.2	3.8	4.2	4.6	4.4	49.2	100	2.1 min